ANTI-COVID RULES



Don't go to school if you have the fever



Wear a mask before entering school





Remember to pack in your bag a spare mask



Keep a distance of one meter





Greet without shaking hands and sanitize your hands often



In class always keep the mask and lower it only if you drink or eat a snack





Couphing or sweezing into a disposable tissue



Don't share school materials





• Air the classroom



Report any discomfort to the teacher



What is the different between isolation and quarantine?

The isolation of cases of documented SARS-COV2 infection refers to the separation of infected people from the rest of the community for the duration of the contagious period, in an environment and conditions that prevent the transmission of the infection.

Quarantine, on the other hand, refers to the restriction of the movement of healthy people for the duration of the incubation period, but who may have been exposed to an infectious agent or a contagious disease, with the aim of monitoring the possible appearance of symptoms and promptly identify new cases. (Circular of the Ministry of Health of 12\10 2020 "CIVID-19: indications for the duration and term of isolation)



If a pupil, or school worker, is living with an established Sars-Cov-2 case, must he be placed in quarantine?

Yes, it must be placed in quarantine upon assessment by the Prevention Department. Any close contacts (for example, classmates of the pupil in quarantine) do not require quarantine, unless further assessments by the Prevention Department. (Circular of the Ministry of Health of 24 September 2020)



In the event that a student is placed in compulsory or fiduciary home isolation, is the isolation also extended to all cohabiting relatives?

Yes, if the student is positive.

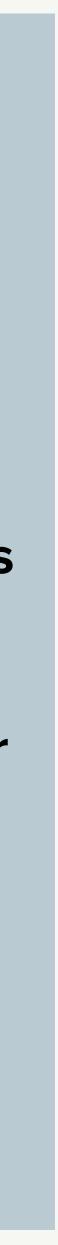
No, in case you are in quarantine because your classmate (close contact) has tested positive for COVID.



Do children\teenagers have to wear mask at school?

As a result of the Prime Minister's Decree of November 3, 2020, the didactic and educational activity for kindergarten, the first cycle of education and for educational services for children continues to take place in the presence, with the mandatory use of mask except for children under the age of six and for those with pathologies or disabilities

incompatible with the use of the mask.



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